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*"So Much
to Remember"*



and to look forward to . . .



STRASBOURG, SASKATCHEWAN
1905 - 1955



Strasbourg — 1955

STRASBOURG CO-OP ASS'N

Phone 50

A. A. PETERS

Barrister

Phone 26

CURRIE'S GROCERY

Phone 24

STRASBOURG MOTORS

Oliver and J. I. Case Dealer

Phone 141

E. C. ERICKSON

B-A Oil and Gasoline
Massey-Harris-Ferguson

Phone 6

K. L. RUTHMEIER

Cockshutt Farm Equipment

Phone 132

A. M. SAMUELSON

L.H.C.

Phone 41

BEAVER LUMBER CO.

Building Supplies

Phone 85

HEAVISIDES BROS.

Groceries and Dry Goods

Phone 25

FORSMAN & KEYSER

John Deere, Pontiac, Buick
G.M.C. Trucks

Phone 44

H. P. SCHWANDT

Govt. Insurance

Phone 10

ROYAL BANK

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ASS'N**

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"So Much to Remember"

FOREWORD

This booklet, compiled at the request of the Jubilee Committee of Strasbourg, is dedicated to the Pioneers and residents of the town and community.

The data was collected by the Strasbourg High School pupils under Supervision of Miss Elsie Cooper. No doubt there are errors and inaccuracies, no doubt the names of some of our Pioneers who deserved mention are entirely omitted.

This is retold as some people have considered it important to link the good old days on or before 1905 with the present 1955 when these young folks don't know what they missed. We are deeply indebted to see those who contributed material, or in any way helped to compile this history of all the town. Thank you.

M. Olive Currie.



Strasbourg
Station
1966



1905 Railroad Construction



Blizzard 1947

PUBLISHED BY THE STRASBOURG AND COMMUNITY BOOSTER CLUB
who are responsible for the Jubilee Celebration

232/75

979749



*First House in
district having
shingled roof
(Mr. Karl Moeller)*



*Main
Street
1907*



*First
Last Mountain
Valley
School*



*1st Band
1900*

GRANDFATHER'S HOMETOWN

I've never known a man who loved a town, as grandfather loves this one; he can name its every street, and tell you walking down each one in his memory, how each corner came, which shop, or little fountain playing. What folk have lived here, or perhaps have died, and like a gold thread runs through all he's saying, his true respect, his love and honest pride. It's just a simple town, and rather small, like a dozen, you might say, except when grandfather explains it all. It is his love, I think, that teaches me how greatness in the heart and soul and mind ennobles every treasure that we find.

—E. H. Zimmerman.

LAST MOUNTAIN VALLEY

Our fathers toiled, but in a glorious fight,
The God of nations led them by the hand,
With pillared smoke by day and fire by night.
They wrought like heroes in the promised land.
The wilderness was conquered by their might.
They made for God the marvel He had planned,
A land of homes, where toil could make men free.

—Peter MacArthur.

Professor McCoun, an early explorer on a survey expedition for the Canadian Government, sent back in his report the following: There is a block of sixteen million acres that is to my knowledge over ninety percent fit for agricultural and pastoral purposes. On the east, the high elevation known as Last Mountain bounds the horizon, while on the west the shimmering waters of Last Mountain Lake shine in the morning sunlight like a sheet of silver.

Cradled between lake and mountain and nurtured by Mother Nature in all her moods lies Last Last Mountain Valley.

Before 1884 the Cree Indians roamed these rolling prairies, coming from the Touchwood Hills to Last Mountain Lake to fish. They had many meeting grounds from which they sent smoke signals to various Cree bands. One of these was on Baldy Hill, another on the mountain peak.

In 1884 the first white settlers who came to Strasbourg vicinity were the Ladwicks, Klatts, Doeges, Moellers, Schwandts, Hocks, Schroeders, Christolls. The home of Mr. Christoll, where Walter Oehler now lives, became a stopping place for many settlers who were to follow.

It took a week for these settlers to haul their wheat to Qu'Appelle and return with it ground into flour.

The Indians visited the white men, trading fish for bread, or salt pork and on one occasion, an Indian offered his best horse in exchange for the baby of a settler.

Drought, early frost and all the implements of nature were prevalent then too and caused many hardships and much suffering.

Last Mountain Valley proved rich in natural foods. There was good fishing in Long Lake. Numerous wild animals roamed the valley and their pelts furnished welcome income at the trading-post. The bluffs, with which the country is so liberally interspersed to the south and east, gave protection to the animals and men and provided both shelter and fuel for the settlers.

A few large herds of cattle roamed the prairies and knew not the confinement of fences. Nor did they know any other diet but "prairie wool"—nor need other.

Because of the Riel Rebellion there was no further settlement until 1900 when the settlers again filtered in from Europe and Eastern Canada. A few of the settlers' names submitted as coming in this period were the Lundell's, Lofgrens, Hans Erickson. They travelled to Lumsden by train and from there with horses and oxen. Many lived in tents until they built sod shacks.

Excerpts from a booklet called Last Mountain Valley included such reports as—In 1904 W. Schwandt obtained 40 bus. per acre; in 1902 an average of 32 bus.

Mr. Schwandt had nothing but a family of seven young children. He now has a half a section of land, 53 head of high class cattle and 20 horses. He has started two sons on farms of their own, and is now purchasing more land.

Another successful settler is Mr. Karl Klatt, who started with nothing in 1885, and is now worth \$20,000.00.

Of the newer settlers, quotations were printed from T. A. Martin of Park River, N.D., who bought a half section, and homesteads for himself and his son George in Tp. 24, Rg. 22.

Mr. Hugh McFarlane, of Park River, N.D., settled here in May, 1903, and remarked that he considered himself better off with his 160-acre farm than with 800 acres in North Dakota. Mr. McFarlane, an uncle of Mr. Joe Warmke, operated one of the first threshing outfits southwest of town.

In 1902 a young Englishman by the name of William Pearson left Winnipeg to see what lay to the West, for the influx of people continually landed in that centre. Mr. Pearson, with Paul Schwandt as a guide, drove with team and democrat over much of Last Mountain Valley and was intensely impressed with the surroundings. He promptly formed the Last Mountain Valley land settlement scheme under the Pearson Land Co. This company, through the Land Settlement Scheme, encouraged people to come into this area. It was advertised as a land with rich black loamy soil varying from six to twelve inches, having a good clay sub-soil which retained moisture well; the plentiful nature of the rainfall, wild game and fishing and pleasure possibilities of the lake. His enthusiasm became contagious and spread to eastern Canada and U.S.A.

In 1904 the company brought settlers as far as Valeport by train and then by steamboat up Long Lake past McKillop's landing to stop at Rowan's Ravine. This was the port for the Strasbourg area. From Rowan's Ravine, the settlers with their household and farm effects, were transported by teams and wagon, supplied by the Pearson Land Co., to their respective homesteads.

Some settlers camped in Regina, hired teams and set out to choose their own homesteads. These settlers purchased their homesteads by paying 6-20 Dollars per acre. A still greater influx trekked in in 1905 just ahead of the railways.

The steamboat "Welcome" operated on Long Lake in 1905 and was another stepping-stone to relieve transportation into this area. This boat was rebuilt two years later and named "Ou'Appelle".

One cannot single out a pioneer and tell his particular story. We would not deprive him of the pleasure of telling it in his own way, nor could we find any tale more worthy of an attentive ear. There are the tales of their tedious trip here, the building of shacks while living in tents or some makeshift shelter. The monotony of the long, cold winter was broken by occasional severe blizzards; the so-welcomed summer plagued with mosquitoes.

There was isolation to the extent that an occasional settler's wife did not see another woman in weeks. On the other hand, gatherings were held in the homes, be the home so small that the bed had to be taken down and placed outside to make room for the guests. We question if they weren't all visitors in those days, come hungrier for conversation and companionship than for tasty meals that were sure to be set before them. Though it seemed questionably coincidental how often the various bachelor neighbors happened in to partake in both. These people were ever ready to exchange any type of work with the neighbor. Necessity caused the pioneers to invent more than one wrinkle that their descendants proudly display today and can't keep their chests in when they overhear someone exclaiming "You've got something there".

These were brave men, courageous women. "Rejoicing in hope, patient in tribulation; continuing instant in prayer; distributing to the necessity of saints, given to hospitality."

These pioneers are the parents or grandparents who passed on to the present generation a rich and enviable heritage. Pioneers, O Pioneers, we salute you!



Party enthusiastic and hopeful after listening to lecture by Mr. President, shortly after leaving Strasbourg



*Strassburg
1905*

HOME TOWN

Often in thought I go up and down
The pleasant streets of that dear home town,
And my youth comes back to me.

—Langfellow.

The early German settlers named the town Strassburg. In German, Strass(e) means street or road; Burg means mountain. The spelling of the name was changed to French Strassbourg in 1914.

Strassbourg situated on S 25, T 24, R 22, came into being in 1905 when steel was laid this far. The railway came from Lipton; The Pleasant Hills branch of the C.P.R. The C.P.R. erected a four-stall roundhouse, employing 12 men. There were two water tanks and four loading platforms. Messrs Wallace & Sproule erected the first building on the site of the present Heavyside store; a few more buildings appeared before the arrival of the railway. The end of the steel made Strassbourg the jumping-off place in the fall of 1905. The influx of people to be accommodated, hastened the building of several business places. "Uncle Bill" Cochrane and Mr. Sayles built the Last Mountain Hotel. Though meant to accommodate 150 people, it frequently housed more. Halls and parlors were filled with cats; sometimes the latest comers were compelled to sleep in chairs.

Because the chief means of local transportation was with horses, Mr. Logan built a stable unique in structure. It was round and though meant to stable 100 head, more were often packed into it.

From July, 1905, to May, 1906, 24 business places were opened and 254 carloads of settlers' effects had been unloaded. By this time, a tri-weekly mixed train ran on alternate days, with the regular passenger train as far as Lipton. One Saturday in the fall of 1907 the agent, Mr. Sewell, sold nearly \$1,100.00 worth of tickets. Within the next two years, Strassbourg, was a bursting business centre. It boasted a chartered Union Bank, a weekly newspaper, daily meals, and train service. It had a Board of Trade, an 18-piece band and was the centre of the Dominion Land District.

The year 1910 saw this burg a thriving metropolis—the largest town from Kirkella to Saskatoon, a distance of 313 miles. Some of the business places were: three general stores with two millinery departments, three hardware stores, two drug stores, two men's clothing stores, two lumber yards, three livery barns, two blacksmith shops, two tin shops, a harness shop, a printing office, two pool halls with a barbershop in each, a bowling alley, a jewellery store, three elevators, a chopping mill, a laundry, a bakery and confectioner's, a butcher shop, two hotels, two banks, and a restaurant.

Judging by pictures submitted, some of the first houses built in town were those now occupied by J. Geib, W. Schofield, J. Hubick, Jr., J. Wolfe, A. E. Dolsen, B. Cranwell. In 1906 Mr. Agnew built the spacious house now occupied by Douglasses. Soon followed

houses now occupied by Mrs. Lemery, H. Jennison, B. Jenkins and A. Keyser. The Terrace containing three self contained suites, owned by Lorne Small, settled the housing problem for many families over the years. It was torn down and the lots are those now owned by Ken McKay.

At least as early as 1908 cars had made their appearance with owners Mr. Devine, W. D. McKay, Mr. Little, D. J. McKillop and D. J. Bristone. These were supplied by such dealers as J. A. Howse Chas. Fox and A. Coates. Mr. Fox bought out Mr. Coates who had converted the Lemon general store into a garage which was burned years later. Beside this garage stood another large two storey building in which Mapes & Son kept a fine display of furniture on the ground floor, and resided upstairs. Oscar Mapes sold his building and bus ness, including that of undertaker to Len Bennett in 1926. Mr. Bennett moved the store onto Main Street and carried on the bus ness. Later he tore down this building, using the material to build the present Grace Molson home and an office which he sold to Dr. MacIntosh. This office was moved to Wymden for Dr. MacIntosh's convenience there.

The first general store was a tar paper shack owned and operated by Mr. M. P. Lemon. It soon gave place to the two storey building with departments of groceries, drygoods, hardware and millinery. The business was bought by Messrs. Wellband, Scott & Twombly who built a large brick store on the corner of Main Street and Assiniboia Ave. Fires have taken the store through the years and this store (The Pioneer), said by commercial travellers to be superior to many others between Regina and Saskatoon, burned. This site was untenanted until 1949 when Ralph Currie and H. C. Klein built their respective grocery and hardware stores on it.

The first hotel The Last Mountain, is a history in itself. This building has also served as opera house, general store, living quarters, bowling alley, bus depot and car licence bureau. It served as a centre for Credit Union until last year when that business moved to its new fully modern quarters a few doors west. Since, it has been a shop for a modern plumbing Co., but having been bought by the Co-Op Store Co., it is to be torn down to make room for a new Co-Op Store.

An egg candling station of Canada Packers, lately operated by J. V. Addison serves an expensive territory and brings a deal of business to the town. Other businesses through which Strasbourg thrives are those carried out by five implement dealers, a locker plant, printing office, municipal office, two banking institutions, two barber shops, a hairdresser, watchmaker, a dental medical doctor, a blacksmith, two tin smiths, a lumberyard, two hardware stores, a grocery and two general stores. The fact that Strasbourg has five elevators, each with an annex, proves that it serves a great territory. The rink in winter and the spacious Legion Hall with dance floor and theatre takes care of the large crowds for recreational purposes.

There are two trains each way from Regina daily, a train to Brandon on alternate days and a bus service Regina to Rose Valley. Moreside's transport travelling from Regina to Nlokonis, supplements the freighting problem. The C.P.R. water tank and coal docks situated within town limits, bring many freight trains this way. Strasbourg's area is said to have more trucks than any other rural area in the province. So transportation of any type is not a serious problem.

In 1951 American oil companies tested for oil in many quarter sections throughout this area, brought considerable trade to the town and left behind oil prospects of which some may dream.

Though many modern houses have been built in the town of late years many more farm houses have been moved in. The population remains around 550. There are few sidewalks not paved, fewer streets not gravelled. A drainage pipe to carry excess waters from the spring run off to the big slough west of town is one of the Council's present projects. The power plant then situated in the Munro garage of today once supplied electricity to the town for limited hours. Since 1927 the town has been serviced by the Saskatchewan Power Corporation. The installation of electrical power through our rural areas is all but complete. To honor this Jubilee Year, the Town Council arranged the installation of 11 mercury vapor lights, seven on Main Street and four on Pearson Street, a vast improvement to the main section and a growing advertisement of a live country town, as one drives in off No. 20 Highway.

THE COUNCIL

His can't be wrong whose life is in the right,
In faith and hope the world will disagree,
But all mankind's concern is charity
All must be false that thwart this one great end,
And all of God that bless mankind or mend. —Pope

The first governing body known as Strasbourg Local Improvement Society No. 12 was formed June 23, 1905 with Herman Schwandt as chairman. The executive consisted of Wm McKillop, T Harlett, Wm Schroeder, R Fox, J Small and J A Howse, Secy-Treas. Others who served in the following five years were D. J. McKillop, R. Roney W. Schwandt, J. J. Currie, E. Wood, J. Kelly, D. F. McKenzie.

The Rural Municipality No. 920 was incorporated in 1910 and was called McKillop, after one of our early settlers. The Reeves in order of the holding office were H. Schwandt, D. J. McKillop, W. J. Walen, D. S. McElroy, M. S. Anderson, T. R. Bracken and E. Goodfellow. Councilors who served in five consecutive years were A. Flavel, J. C. Smith, T. R. Bracken, D. S. McElroy, M. S. Anderson, John McQuish, W. Kerr, A. Peterson, W. J. Walen, John Flavel, W. J. Morcom, E. B. Goodfellow, A. Coles, H. Verral, D. F. McKenzie, H. McNeib.

The members of the present Municipal Council are Reeve Goodfellow and councilors Craswell, Davey, McPheat, Mischpeter, Thompson and Sol'y. Mr. Davey serves in a division served by the late E. N. Ward until his recent death. Mr. A. J. Falconer followed Mr. A. Howse as Secy-Treas, succeeded in turn by S. L. A. Smythe, and C. H. Chapin. Mrs. Lillian Chapin has held this office since the death of her husband in 1948. Strasbourg received its incorporation as a town in July, 1907, the only incorporated town on the Pleasant Hill branch of the C.P.R. Mr. Henry McKay, uncle of W. D. McKay and the owner of the town's first lumber yard became the first mayor. He was succeeded by Mr. Lenon, storekeeper, who in turn was succeeded by Mr. L. A. Seler, Lawyer. Mr. W. D. McKay followed and held his position for 25 years after which Ken McKay was elected to the office. Mr. H. A. Gustavson, having been elected by acclamation, has held the mayorship for the past four years. Members of the 1955 council are Roy F. Currie, Wm. Derby, E. Forsman, H. Munro, H. P. Schwandt and W. L. Schwandt.

THE CHURCHES

Except the Lord build the house,
they labour in vain that build it.

Psalm 127:1

Strasbourg and the surrounding communities are predominantly of Protestant faith, served by the following churches. Anglican, Lutheran, Presbyterian and the United in the town. A Norwegian Lutheran and a Baptist are at the Norrons and East Mount, respectively. A



Saint John's

Lutheran Church ➡➡



➡ Saint George's Anglican Church

Catholic church was built about 1943. As we write this, a Church of the Seventh Day Adventists is under construction. Before these churches were built, services were held in the homes of some of the pioneers. Presbyterian services were held in the Edsall School in 1903 and after fire destroyed the school they continued on the farm home of J. C. Martin. Neighbours gathered to form a congregation regardless of denomination. This gathering formed the nucleus of Pengarth Sunday School, with J. C. Martin the superintendent and Mrs. Martin the organist. They were ably assisted by such families as the McGregors, Camerons, Waddells. The Presbyterian congregation met for their first service in the waiting room of the C.P.R. Station. Mr. Duncanson of Clinton Ont. was the student minister and Grace Bishop organist. The Presbyterian Church was dedicated in 1904. The Methodist Church was dedicated Dec. 2nd, 1906, with Rev. H. McConnel of Abernethy speaking at the morning service, Rev. K. Palmer in the afternoon, Rev. H. Heathfield in the evening.

Upon Church Union in 1925, a minority of the Presbyterian congregation preferred to remain as they were. The United Church of Canada took over the former Presbyterian Church for its place of worship. Many years later the continuing Presbyterians renovated the original Methodist Church for their Church Home. By 1917 the Methodists and Presbyterians formed a co-operative charge served by Dr. A. E. Whitehouse, now of Vancouver. A spacious manse was built the following year.

Rev. C. B. Lawson (deceased), first Minister after Church Union, was followed by Rev. S. D. East (deceased), then Rev. A. J. Lewis, Peterborough Ont., Rev. H. H. Kerley (deceased), Rev. J. Bright of Shedden Ont., Rev. F. H. Morgan of Regina, Rev. F. Marwood of Moose Jaw, Rev. D. K. Walker of Calgary, Rev. T. Lancelot of Victoria and D. G. Patton. These ministers also ministered to the widely scattered pastoral charges of Lake Centre, Southcoast and Pengarth in the days of team and cutter religion. At these pastoral charges, as well as in town Sunday School Missions Band, Missionary Societies were formed. Until July, 1907, the Anglican Congregation held services in a passenger car that had been acquired when construction began on the present church building and parsonage. It stands at the corner of Valley Street and Assiniboia Ave. The exterior of both has been improved recently, either or some years ago. Mrs. John Bott (a bed patient in a nursing home in Craven the past two years) was organist in this church for approximately forty years. The present rector is Rev. L. F. Powers. St. John's Lutheran Congregation chose Aug. 11th, 1907, for the dedication of their church. It was built on land donated by Theodore Mosler. Three years ago the property was sold to Ludwig Renthmeier who has a gasoline filling station in operation now. The Lutheran people did not part with the original building until a fine modern church was dedicated in 1952. This with a new manse alongside and on lots on the south side of Main Street, just west of the school grounds, is evidence of a large industrious congregation. As always, services are conducted in both German and English.

An active Luther League has been part of the church for many years, perhaps most appreciated by the townfolks for its thoughtfulness of singing Christmas Carols to the shut-ins of all denominations in their respective homes Christmas week. This charge has recently welcomed Rev. and Mrs. Schaeffer into its midst.



*Methodist Church
(Now Presbyterian)
Dedicated
1804*

East Mount Baptist Church was organized in 1921 and until 1938 services were held in East Mount School. The first Pastor was Rev. J. P. Moilberg. The minister upon the dedication of the church was Rev. D. Dinnick. Rev. G. O. Jenkins is the present Pastor. Women's Auxiliary of the Strasbourg United Church as well as functioning as an auxiliary, divides its members and invites others into circles. From 12 to 20 ladies meet at their respective homes every two weeks. Results of their efforts, along with proceeds from a joint tea and sale, spring and fall add to a sizable sum. Affiliated with the Women's Missionary Society of this congregation are the C. G. I. T., Mission Band, Baby Band. There is an active Explorers Club as well as Tyros.

The name of the late Walter Hemingway is synonymous with that of the United Church Choir, of which he was the faithful and devoted master for more than 30 years. Miss E. M. Martin is the only member of the original choir who is still in attendance. Mrs. D. G. Patton is choir leader since her husband came as minister in July this year. A selective group of singers from all the churches of the town formed a Choral Society under the direction of Mr. Hemingway and in 1926 and 1927 was awarded top honors in the form of a Shield at the Saskatchewan Musical Festival. The accompanist, Mr. Scott Robertson, A. T. C. M., now of Vancouver but originally a local boy was also given honorary mention by the adjudicators.

The anniversary services of the United Church were held October 16th, 1955. At the morning service an electric organ was dedicated to the glory of God and in memory of Lavina Mary McKay (his wife, who died a year ago) by Mr. W. D. McKay. Mr. McKay may feel that he too will long be remembered for this truly Christian gesture.

If you want to have the kind of church
 Like the kind of church you like,
 Put off your quile and put on your best smile,
 And hike, my brother, just hike,
 To the work in hand that has to be done,
 The work of saving few,
 It isn't the church that is wrong, my boy,
 It isn't the church, it's you.

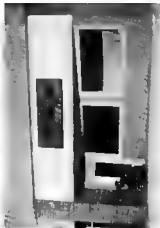
SCHOOLS

The feet that creeping slow to school, went storming out to play

Whittier

The children of our earliest pioneers attended Last Mountain Valley School No. 98. This was of mud and log construction situated 3½ miles east of town. The first teacher was Mr. L. Wolfe. In May 1906, a meeting of the Last Mountain Valley School district was held in the Gibson Lumber Co. office for the purpose of electing trustees to the Strasbourg School Board. Candidates nominated were Messrs. H. McKay, H. P. Devine and Dr. Hotham. This Board was instrumental in building the first school in the town. The late W. A. Howse was the first teacher. By 1910 enrolment was forty-nine under Mr. J. Reid. Due to the rapidly growing district it was decided to replace the old school with a four-room brick construction to cost \$15,000.00. In order to accommodate the ever-growing enrolment, the original Methodist Church was remodelled to house two high school rooms—the original school, the third high school room until the other half of the present spacious building was finished in 1930. Mr. W. G. Borland was Sec. Treas. of the high school district for many years, and upon his retirement he was succeeded by A. A. Peters who still holds that office. Enrolment this year is approximately 168. The staff consists of six teachers under the capable principalship of Mr. Wm. Derby, who has held this position for something over 20 years.

Strasbourg High School is proud to have seen the Governor-General medal won by the following students: Jean Houser in 1917, Esther Lemery in 1918, Hammond McKinnon 1919, Emilie Walter in 1920, Ellen Ross, Grade 11, in 1936 and for grade 12 in 1937, and Doris Bieher in 1951. The grade 12 graduating class has of later years sponsored a banquet and dance in the hall, to which parents, school board and members of the teaching staff are invited. The high school holds its own annual bonspiel. Members of the 1955 School Board are Messrs. H. Frizzell, E. Strauss, N. Heavyside, A. A. Peters, O. Yung.



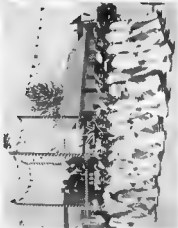
UPPER RIGHT—Strasbourg Public and High School

UPPER LEFT—High School Band 1987

NEW—Credit Union Building with Mr.

H. P. Scheuvel, Manager

LOWER LEFT—Strasbourg Fire Engine



HEALTH

The practice of medicine is not a trade or an art or a business.
It is a calling into which you must carry both heart and hand.

Wallace

In 1906 D. A. Hoffman began his medical practice in Strathburg, there was no boundary to the district. He served so unobtrusively until 1938 when he accepted a position in North Battleford, Manitoba. Mr. Hoffman's name must be placed with to the top of the list of the pioneer physicians. A striking example of his character is the fact and he lived he upon retirement after 1938 August 23rd (1948) in his home town where he practised here for a few years before coming to Saskatoon. He was a free physician and surgeon practised here for a few years before 1914 when he moved to Regina where he practised for the army. He returned from overseas in time to relieve his patients during the influenza epidemic. The only serious epidemic must be the people in this area was the flu in 1918. Working a hospital at the school being used as a hospital the influenza was used as a temporary hospital in several places. Under the supervision of Mr. Hoffman and Dr. Michael and a trained nurse the town and the school were used to help in the work night there. The school helped in private houses. The endless efforts of both doctors and nurses, trained and untrained, are not forgotten. In Saskatoon, Dr. Hoffman's practice in Regina was here about four years. During this time he was also assisted by his wife in Regina when the need arose. In Regina came in a young surgeon and practised in partnership with Dr. Hoffman until 1938. Dr. A. McNeish came to Strathburg where he practised for 11 years. It was during Dr. McNeish's stay that our present Health scheme was introduced. Dr. E. Hargreaves upon graduation from medical school opened his present practice some 17 years ago.

A Health scheme was first organized in 1939. Mr. M. Anderson of Bulyea proposed the plan which included meetings for everyone within the municipality. This scheme was published and led to group discussions in which Reeve Anderson, Dr. McNeish and Mr. Chapman took part. Because this was the first Health scheme in Canada it was given the name Health scheme No. 1 of Saskatchewan. A later home it is so often referred to as the M. Anderson Health scheme. It is considered by many authorities as a health plan second to none on the North American continent.

Strathburg has never managed to build a hospital, but from time to time a resident of the town saw the need and rose to the occasion. Mrs. Branscombe opened her home to accommodate maternity cases in the early days. A few women and several paid nurses answered the call in the six births as the doctors felt they were needed. About 1918 Mrs. Hirst, now in Calgary, purchased the residence now occupied by the Jenkins and opened a four-bed hospital. This service was until 1928 when Mrs. Hirst moved to Manitoba. By this time Mrs. Lemstra, occupying the Dr. Hoffman residence and there satisfied the need of nursing care for a few years. In 1928 Mrs. Mary Hirst accepted many cases most of them maternity cases. Her home was the place where 25 people can point to her house as a birthplace. In her last days Mrs. Hirst advised that she must give up her babies and leave work in leaving this house to the good motherly care. By 1945 Mrs. Adams, R.N. moved into town and her home is a maternity home. This served until 1951 when Mrs. Adams, having the staff at the hospital, hospital. Upon Mrs. Adams' departure over one hundred mothers held a Mrs. Adams Maternity Night in the hall and presented her with a plaque. More mothers to be were saddened for they loved her gentleness and courage.

At present our town hospital or nursing care is found in Earl Grey, Nelson or Regina. Strathburg was ever fortunate to have, beside the resident medical department, a resident dentist. The first resident dentist was Dr. Smith. His office was in the corner of Matthews and General Avenue. Dr. Van Hatten, in 1914, Dr. Hoffman upon graduation from University of Toronto took over the practice. He occupied part of his father's building. Upon the death of Dr. Hoffman in 1938 Dr. Robert Hargreaves took over the practice selling out to Dr. V. M. Hargreaves five years later. Dr. Jackson is the only dentist between Regina and Watrous. So to him the 40 hour week is something heard of but not enjoyed. His compact brick office fully modern equipped is another attractive building on Main Street.

Among our pioneer doctors the livestock men do not forget the veterinary surgeon, Dr Fulcher, who came to Strasbourg, fresh from veterinary college. As an M.D. answered a call in the name of humanity just as promptly did Dr Fulcher serve the needs of livestock and in a larger area. Perhaps only those who were children in the days of such epidemics as the glanders, can recall how saddened they were when Dr Fulcher was called lest he insist their school pony be disposed of. But no—he pronounced the pony immune and was remembered as something of a miracle man.

Mr E. S. Agnew was the first druggist and built a new drug store in 1907. Mr Cavanagh opened his business in the present drug store. Mr Groh bought out both these businesses and after several years as druggist, sold to Mr Behrns. Mr R. James bought his present drug store and business from Mr Behrns in 1917. Next to our doctors and nurses, have gone many emergency calls to our druggists and they have responded as obligingly, not the least of these is Mr James. Several of our local boys have served their apprenticeship under Mr James.

SPORT AND RECREATION

In any sport—be a sport.

—CHAB, Moose Jaw

Work and play have ever gone hand in hand.

The early settlers held picnics at the lake, in someone's yard or on the level prairies, where near by could be found some shade trees. People came for miles on foot, on horseback, on stone boots, in wagons, in democrats. Horses and oxen were unhitched and tied to the wheel of the vehicle or the near-by tree. Invariably at least one horse sometimes during the day became startled or slipped its bridle and bounded off toward home. As that a few lads, ever ready to prove the speed of their pony, not to mention their own skill at riding gave chase and soon returned the runaway. It all added to the excitement of the day. The sports program then read: Ox race, horseback race, buggy race, wheelbarrow race, suitcase race, not to mention every conceivable novelty race for young and old. Competition was keen in all the jumping and running events. In the day of organizing picnics where a collection was taken, it was freely given back as prize money. Many a youth returned home at night with more prize money in his pocket than he earned at work the day before.

When mealtime came lunches were set out on blankets and clothes spread out on the ground, or if the ladies wanted something more stylish, make-shift tables and benches were put up—the table set. Then could her ladyship vie with her best neighbor friend as to who should produce the choicest morsels from that mysterious basket. It was not uncommon for whole roast chickens to appear on the table as if by magic. Supper over, sides were chosen for tug-o-war, then a football game or baseball game lasted until dark. In winter, skaters gathered at the most smoothly frozen slough for skating or a hockey game. As time went on some of the thoughtful souls drew a granary or other small shed to the edge of the slough to serve as a dressing-room.

House parties, often a surprise to the host and hostess, were a regular weekly event in the winter months. If the bachelor's shack began to get crowded his bed was taken down and disposed of outside. That made room for a set or a quadrille. If the house contained sufficient rooms, the largest was given over to the dancers, another, often a bedroom, offered a quieter spot for the card players. Just as often, when someone went in to look on and pushed a foot-deep of coats and wraps over on the bed, they were startled to come upon one, two or three babies asleep, no one knows how, but asleep. How each mother recognized her own offspring through the dense tobacco smoke remains a mystery.

There was no stint of music for dancing. Each district seemed to have in its own midst some who could play viols, auto harp and other instruments. These musicians played hour after hour and gave of their talent cheerfully and generously. A salute to the pioneer musicians, even at this late date, is not out of order.

The various Sunday schools held their annual picnic. The Southcote annual Sunday School picnic was held at the home grounds of the late Mr. Alex Fraser, from 1910 until 1940 or later. The Strasbourg Anglican congregational picnic was held at Huggard's farm

in July 1910. At that the ladies defeated the men in a baseball game. The town ladies overcame the country ladies in a tug o war. In 1906 Stratbourg formed its own football club. This club was active for at least 20 years during which time games were played with Corner Union, Duve and Lussiden. The Stratbourg team formed a league with East Mountain Valley, Maytron and Penarth and two games were played weekly throughout the summer months. A baseball club was formed in the same year. The first game was played against Lussiden, Lussiden being 5-4 in favor of Stratbourg. Local enthusiasts poured out considerable money for some period in those days, during such seasons, LeRoy, Gold and Bill Miller, but gradually the trend was to managers and sports day competition. Fairly successful such as Bill Miller, George Martin and two others. Maps and Samuelsen kept the ball rolling. In one years enthusiasm was extinguished by Bud Jensenell, who threw a nice ball at you could wish to see. The advent of the Booster club in 1913 appears to be certain to give baseball the shot in the arm it needs to create interest in this line sport once again. A 15u by 40 ft rink was under construction Blackstock street by 1908. It was built by Mr. Thompson. A skating rink 18 by 44 was added. This was opened Dec 21 with a free night skating. The first hockey club meeting was held in the Rev. Pearson Land Office as was also that of the curling club. Stratbourg joined the Central Saskatchewan Hockey League when it was formed in 1911. Competition at that time was for the Anderson Cup. Hockey perhaps reached its peak about twelve years later when George Martin in goal, Oscar Maps and the Anderson defence tangled with such opponents as the world famous Eddie Shore. These games were equally refereed by Dr. McNeil.

The past winter, Wm. Derby, Ken McKay and Jim Schwandt members of the Booster Club undertook to organize three teams of Pee Wee Hockey. These lads are showing the enthusiasm necessary to produce keen hockey players for the not so distant future. A Junior hockey team comprised of 14 hard working lads in which featuring such talents as Bob Gustafson and Fred Simpson. A few lads with skating ice and two teams of curling were built in 1928. The men's roller skating rink men and women have also spent the winters right there. The Ladies Bonspiel held since the winter of the first one has been wellled in popularity by an Jean Bonspiel, a Ladies Bonspiel and a High School Bonspiel. The Ladies have visited here for many years. In the winter of 1938 the Mountaineers congratulated the Stratbourg lads, lads on their success at the Regina Ladies ice. For the only time a cup had been brought from Regina was the Evers Trophy, secured by a rink skiped by Mr. Maher Bennett and ably supported by Mrs. J. Stanley, Zelma Buschman and Helen McKay. They also won beautiful carrying sets. A rink skiped by Mrs. A. A. Peters assisted by Mrs. Helen Peterson, Mrs. J. Hurd and Mrs. Corrie Jensen has been in the prizes at Regina these many years.

The veterans of Zone Three District Four have a challenge cup for which they play each season. This year Upper holds the cup. A Veterans rink travelled to Saskatoon this year to take part in the Provincial Region Bonspiel. Personnel of this rink was A. A. Peters (skip), Mr. Monte Riem, Fred Butler, etc. The rink team was completed in 1907 and a Fair Club organized. Stratbourg had a good Race Meet in conjunction with the Agricultural Fair sponsored by the agricultural society. Mr. Harry Norman a pioneer ice man had a fine horse showplace in the arena that was a wonderful prospect in another Ade Mae. Ade Mae first while interesting at the women races. Many good horses raced here as it was a convenient way out before going on the regular circuit. Such a one was Bettie Ade, owned by Sam Riem and she sold for \$1,000.00 in the 1914. A Racing was discontinued with the cancellation of the Fair since that time. It has been following the circuit with two horses which he raised, Southside and Jimmy Preston & sons.

In January 1914 the town hall was opened when Mayor McKay presided at the opening. A supper was provided by the ladies of the town. The first storey of the hall contained the municipal chambers, police headquarters and the fire hall. The second storey had a dance hall and stage. In 1924 the first floor contained the office of the public health nurse and the fire equipment. The R. M.P. headquarters have been moved to the residence of the police. The second storey, lentied to the Masonic order.

Pride of the town is the Memorial Hall, built in 1948. Material used was an R.C.A.F. recreation hall dismantled and transported 80 miles in several truckloads. Len Bennett, returned from Vancouver, contracted the job. This \$30,000.00 theatre is the product of

unintended volunteer labor and various fund raising projects. It has a fine stage. The floor slopes toward the stage and stationary seats furnish comfortable accommodation for 350. Movies are shown four nights each week. The deep spacious basement is the dance floor. It is equipped with modern kitchen for serving. There is also a club room and a suite of rooms for the residents caretaker. This hall was predicted to be too large, too elaborate, too expensive when planned but time has proven it is none of these three. Strasburg has a recreation centre to be proud of—and she is proud of it.

Young blood must have its course, and,
And every dog has his day

THE BAND

By 1907 Strasburg Band was decked out in full uniform. This is the first we can find regarding the story of our Band, so we presume it was producing music worthy of the uniforms see this. The Band sponsored the New Year's dance that year. Its members traveled to Brandon that year in July to perform at the fair. Fare for the round trip was \$5.00 so many citizens accompanied the musicians. The bandstand, still used which are still to be found on our sports grounds, was built in 1910 and outdoor band concerts were held on occasions. This bandstand has been around, being moved from its original location at the east end of Main Street to the old fair grounds, back to its original site on a wagon lot on Main Street and now to the new sports grounds west of the school. A bandstand was erected in the arena in the same year. The 18-piece band was under the baton of Mr. Bell and in 1912 contained such personnel as: Bill Stacey, Mr. Trimbley, A. F. Correll, P. Conveybeare, Mr. Bishop, M. Ketchum, Wes McNaughton, Bert Lutz, Wes Ray, Alex Magel, Herb Kern, Ed Agnew, Fred Loosenmore, Dunc Rensauke, Bill Botrel, Bill Lefkord, B. Bennister and Ed Dolsen.



Strasburg Band 1919

*Four Generations
Karl Moeller Family—
1884-1984*



This was a very active town band, for it supplied music at picnics, at the opera house between acts and a fine dance orchestra was chosen from its personnel. Mr. Loosemoore took over as Bandmaster and kept the band together. Rev. A. E. Whitehouse conducted the band while Mr. Loosemoore was overseas. Upon his returning Mr. Loosemoore resumed his duties until 1926, when he returned to England. In 1921 and again in 1922 the Strassbourg Band won the Provincial Shield for town bands at Saskatoon. This winter our hockey team journeyed to Moose Jaw to play Weyburn. The same train conveyed the Loosemoore Band to broadcast a concert over CHAB. For a time John Yung or Buysa kept the band together and after a fine performance for the Coronation celebration in 1937 the band was dismissed. In 1937 Mr. Stewart Aitkens who was teaching grades seven and eight organized a junior mixed band. Most of these boys and girls ranged in age from ten to seventeen. The majority had no musical training whatever. A few came to the first practice more because they had Dad's instrument, than they ever expected to play it. Mr. Aitkens gave out instruments belonging to the town to the remainder to balance the band as he saw fit. The town was full of a 1 manner of weird toots and blasts coming from every corner. The adults kept their tongues in their cheeks and prayed that winter would not set in early that they would be forced to hear all this indoors. But a band was in the making. Everyone had missed the senior band so much in the past few years, in less than three months Mr. Aitkens had a twenty-eight piece band performing most creditably. Pansy Wong as the attractive Majorette led the band in the Coronation Parade in 1937 and on several other occasions. This band took active part at picnics and on sports days in the same area as had the Loosemoore Band. A great deal of credit was due to Stew Aitkens for his time and voluntary effort he spent on this group. The kids could play and the parents agreed each was worth a uniform. The mothers made uniforms consisting of white slacks with a black stripe down the leg and deep Copenhagen jackets rimmed with gold braid and buttons, of white sailor caps with black visors (to take the place of the white sailor suits first worn).

Mr. Aitkens joined the army and the principal of the school, Mr. McKinnon, took over as bandmaster from 1940-1941. When this band played at Glen Harbour on July 1st, 1941, it was the last performance of an organized band for some fourteen years. Some \$2,000.00 worth of musical instruments were lying idle in the school attic and several of our bandmen of both previous bands were giving their services to bands of other towns. These facts decided there was everything at home for a band, even a leader.

Mr. Ray Specken, Vice Principal of the High School, got a band together this spring. They held practices in the original Laidman Hotel and played to the public by opening the door each Sunday evening after church when the weather permitted. Strassbourg is proud that she has a band again and is looking forward to an invitation to their band concert any time now.

A tutor who tooted the flute,
Tried to tutor two tooters to toot.

Said the two to the tutor
"Is it harder to toot
Or to tutor two tooters to toot?"



Strassbourg
Main Street
1955

POST OFFICE

I try to read a magazine, a book,
I feel no better;
Then ah—at last—oh look,
There comes a letter

The earliest pioneers got the mail from Regina. Mr. Hink is said to have walked to and from Regina with the mail for the surrounding pioneer neighbors, which was distributed from his shack south of the present town site. He kept a small supply of staples along with the post office. Then Messrs. Ludwig, Warmke and Christoph kept the post office in this order. Some of the pioneers had their mail sent to Warden and it was brought to Penarth P.O. in the McKillop farm home and Southcot P.O. in the home of Jas. Smith on his route to Arlington Beach each Saturday. When the Strasbourg Station P.O. opened mail for the farthest south and west folks was distributed from Edenkyle P.O. in the home of H.C. Moss and from the home of J. Clarke for the Southcot P.O. Mr. Harold Adams covered this route weekly, always by means of horse transportation for over 25 years. Regardless of roads or weather, we question if he missed a Saturday in the entire span as mail carrier. Mr. Adams obliged quite as many folks along the mail route as John Peersby ever did, all in the name of western neighborliness. The Edenkyle rural P.O. lasted longer than most and was moved to the A.E. Doosen home about 1919. After Mr. Adams' retirement, Mr. A.E. Doosen carried the mail. By 1946 there was no need of a rural P.O. and Edenkyle too closed. Another door had closed on pioneer life.

Since the original name Strasbourg had been given to the first P.O. the P.O. within the town limits had to be registered Strasbourg Station, hence it is today. The first location of Strasbourg Station P.O. was in the Real Estate Office of Mr. Steadman, where Mary's Cafe is now. Mr. Charles Rowe as postmaster. The Post Office was moved to the building now owned by A.A. Peters until 1949, when up to date quarters were rented from Monte Klein by the Postmaster General of Canada. This office is modernly equipped and provides approximately 500 boxes. Mr. Keyser, a brother-in-law of the first storekeeper, Mr. P. Lemon, succeeded Mr. Rowe upon Mr. Keyser's death in 1922. Mr. Walter Hemmingsway, a stone mason by trade, was appointed postmaster. Mr. Hemmingsway served in this capacity until his retirement Nov. 30, 1947. At this time assistant Postmaster, W.J. Mitchell carried on until F.J. Bieber. He was appointed Postmaster, which position he held until July, 1955. Mr. Keep-Off-For-Grey is serving as Postmaster until a permanent man is appointed. On Jan. 21, 1908, the Postmaster General's report showed that more business was transacted in Strasbourg than in Cowan, Buxton, Nokomis and Wainwright combined. Forty-seven years later it ranks as one of the province's big business centres for post offices of its class.

But presently a tiny sound
One trumpet makes and all around
The music things are raised and
Then I know the band will play again

And suddenly as thunder roars
The horns and trumpets, flutes and drums
Crash into glorious noise that breaks
Ah over us in little shakes



First Automobiles
1912

CEMETERY

"At the going down of the sun, and in the morning, we will remember them."

On some of the homesteaders' farms we may come upon a rough stone or a small white cross on which we may be able to read a name and a date. It is the only testimony that a loved one had been buried there. For at that time there was no burial ground within thirty or even sixty miles. The first Strasbourg Cemetery is on the Albert Oehler farm and many beloved homesteaders and neighbors are buried in it. By 1990 the Strasbourg Council saw the need of enlarging the cemetery. Thinking a location nearer the town would perhaps induce people to take greater pride in the grounds and allow them to visit the graves more often, they bought a cemetery site from Mrs. McGee.

Our present Crescent Road Cemetery consists of four acres of nicely grassed grounds surrounded with trees and a hedge. Toward the centre back, a heart shaped plot is reserved for the war dead. In this Veterans Plot stands a majestic Cenotaph on which are engraved the names of some 41 veterans. The Cenotaph is a fine display of stone work modelled by Len Bennett. Mr. W. Schofield landscaped the cemetery with walks and roads as they are now. He also supervised the planting of the trees and hedge. There are three or four flower beds on the grounds. These have produced some fine displays of perennials through the years. City undertakers compliment our people on this cemetery. Much of the care of it has been in the hands of Mr. W. J. Mitchell and Mr. H. Munro since the passing of Mr. Williams and Mr. George Pirie.

Fifty years ago, folks lived, loved, worked, grieved and laid down their tools for the last rest as do the descendants of 1955.

We who are left, how shall we look again
Happily on the sun or feel the rain
Without remembering how they who went
Ungrudgingly and spent
Their lives for us loved, too, the sun and the rain?

FIRE PROTECTION

For fire pays no wages.

Many dangerous prairie fires swept the town and district from time to time. With only a bucket brigade consisting of local citizens and water pumped or drawn from local wells or sloughs, the people of the town felt it necessary for better fire equipment. A chemical engine was purchased by the town about 1907 and was operated from time to time by Messrs. Sam Watson, William Stutely and William Mitchell. In 1909 a one-cylinder pump engine was added to the already much-used fire equipment. One of its earliest operators was Mr. George D. Cloe. A large fire truck was purchased in 1948, which still serves the town. Other fire equipment is sixteen hundred feet of hose, three hydrants, and water taken from C.P.R. supply about one and a half miles west of town. Former Fire Chiefs were Jack Tair, Earl Stanford, A. I. Holmes, Sam Watson, William Stutely, Ab Keyser and Fred Bieber, the latter is still serving.

PRINTING OFFICE

Full of wise saws, and modern instances—Shakespeare

The first 'Strasbourg Mountaineer' was published in the spectacular year of 1906, edited weekly by Corne and Lester Small. A. Land & Co. circular of the day describes it as an excellent newspaper which has done much to make the name of this valley known to the outside world. A few years later Messrs. D. Renauld, Frank Banting and J. McGowan edited the paper under the name of the Mountaineer Printing Co. These men dissolved partnership after a short time and went their respective ways. Lester Small returned to continue as an editor until he sold out to W. Richardson in May, 1929. Mr. and Mrs. Richardson carry out the business and occupy the original building known as the Mountaineer Office. News items are frequently quoted from this weekly paper over the Prairie News Broadcast from CBK, Watrous, each Sunday morning. The circulation of the 'Strasbourg Mountaineer' in this Jubilee Year is around four hundred papers, half of which are mailed to various places on the North American continent. We have it on good authority from many in Strasbourg, that next best to a letter from home is the home paper and its arrival is even more regular.

CANADIAN LEGION

The Strasbourg branch of the Canadian British Empire Service League was organized in Jan., 1926, with the following officers, President A. A. Peters, Hon. Presidents Lem Sellers and Mr. Matheson, Vice-President Len Bennett, Secretary Jack McRobbie.

The Legion was instrumental in building the Memorial Hall, the administration of which and running of the picture shows now their main duty. The present officers are: President, Art Smith, Secretary, Jess Melier.

The Great War Veterans was the original Legion and it was formed in 1920 but there are no known records of it.

The Ladies Auxiliary to the Legion was organized in May 1940 with Mrs. W. J. M. McNeil as president and Mrs. W. Richardson as Secretary. During the war they raised money to send parcels overseas and collected scrap. Now their main duty is to send comforts to the men still remaining in hospitals, and parcels to Korea. The present officers are: President, Mrs. A. Peters, Secretary, Mrs. Fred Houston, Treasurer, Mrs. A. B. Hansen.

ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR

A meeting was held in the Masonic Lodge room at Strasbourg on the afternoon and evening of Monday, October 23, 1922, for the purpose of organizing the Strasbourg Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star. Visitors were present from Regina, Semans and Cupar.

The following officers were appointed: Mrs. Clara A. Palmer, Mr. S. D. McGee and Mrs. Lilian M. Hicks.

The elected officers were as follows: Mrs. Ethel Seller, Mrs. Hanna McGee, Mrs. Amy R. Henry, Mrs. Jeanette Borland, Mrs. Euphemia Hotham, Mrs. Laura Good, Mrs. Frances P. Stanford, Mrs. Florence M. Lawson, Mrs. Anna Campbell, Mrs. Anne Stelfen, Mrs. Gladys Cunningham, Miss Essie Hemingway, Miss Ida Hotham and J. H. Good.

The afternoon session adjourned at 6:30 and a large number attended a banquet at the Strasbourg Hotel.

MASONIC ORDER

The idea of starting a Masonic Lodge in Strasbourg was first talked over by the local brethren in and around town during the summer of 1906, and they finally decided to have a banquet and further discuss the matter.

Accordingly a banquet was held in the latter part of October in the Strasbourg Hotel, to which every Mason in the district was invited.

The question of forming a lodge was taken up very enthusiastically, and M. M. Allen was appointed secretary to secure the necessary information.

Here the matter rested for some time. Finally on Monday, Feb. 3rd, 1908, a meeting was called in the annex of the Strasbourg Hotel, and the following brethren were present: Duncan Pierce, W. A. Sewell, Thomas Sharp, A. H. Langraf, M. P. Lemon, A. W. Hotham, J. A. Leonard, R. J. Wells, J. A. Hill, J. Magern, M. J. McLean, W. T. Fallis, W. R. Bradley, R. W. Morris, John McKenzie.

Strasbourg Lodge, No. 46, A. F. & A. M. formally came into being at this meeting with the following officers: W. M., J. A. Hill, S. W., D. Pierce, J. W., A. W. Hotham, Treasurer, R. J. Wells, Secretary, W. A. Sewell.

On Thursday, July 23, 1908, Strasbourg Lodge was instituted by F. S. Thompson of Ouapelle and F. S. Proctor, D. D. G. M.



Breaking

up

Strasbourg Area

1908

STRASBOURG 4-H HOMECRAFT CLUB

Organized in 1953 President Doreen Carr, Sec. Treas., Jean McKenzie

Project, beginners dressmaking.

Leader, Mrs. Vern Norda

Asst. Leader, Mrs. C. Glendinning

Membership 9

Second year

President, Winnie Taylor

Project, beginners dressmaking The well-dressed girl

Third year

Present organization into two groups

Two Presidents, Jean McKenzie and Linda Stolt

Supervisory Committee appointed with Mrs. A. Hiltman as convener

Membership 18

Activities have included a tea for the mothers District Conference at Moose Jaw, Educational films and talks by the Public Health Nurse, Sewing demonstration by the Singer Co. Banquet and lunches served at the local 4-H Grain Club Activities Achievement days have been more successful and fully supported by the Community. In August of 1955 was the 4-H Homecraft Frolic, entered in the Jubilee Sports Day parade, presenting the method of dressmaking 50 years ago in comparison to the modern method. A prize was won. Generous donations from the McKillop Municipality The Wheat Pool Committee and the Southcoast Dodgers Club have greatly helped to maintain the finances of the club. The Strasbourgh merchants have also been very generous. It is by the support of the local organizations and people that this club attributes its success.

THE 1955 EX-SERVICE MEN

H. C. Klein, Wm. McGinness, N. Heavides, Art Smith, Bill Pirie, A. A. Peters, H. Bennow, R. Youke, D. Hickman, Geo. Beccourt, Rev. Flowers, J. Miller, J. S. Fromm, R. Lockery, T. R. Currie, Anton J. Norda, Earl Cochrane, Frank Strickert, J. H. Stephen, L. H. Brown, Geo. Schultz, Alex Fraser, Les Hansen, Cecil Jenkins, A. O. Keyser, Frank Lill, Lorne Barr, L. V. Prowse, D. J. Heavides, O. Howe, R. Scarth, Wm. Gaily, Sr., G. Hastie, John E. Schwandt, I. McKay, H. Munro, S. Kerr, Wm. Heintz, W. S. Currie

"At the going down of the sun, and in the morning, we will remember them."

KILLED IN ACTION, 1914 to 1918

R. Baird, A. M. Cooper, J. Clark, G. Caverthill, W. Cottrell, V. Edwards, G. P. Flavell, A. Flook, A. V. Gruchy, C. H. Gruchy, H. Hogg, A. Johnson, F. Kingston, C. Kendal, C. Kee-son, J. Kerr, C. Kerr, T. Logan, J. Lucas, T. Lucas, S. McCaw, J. B. McPhee, T. Ramsay, J. Shields, H. Tosh, G. Venables, H. Ward, W. Ward, R. Wright, F. Wilmington.

KILLED IN ACTION, 1939 to 1945

G. Denison, C. Gruchy, G. Gratzfeldt, A. Kingston, W. Lynn, G. Mo-ison, W. Retzer, R. Rumoel, M. Smythe, E. Schwandt, R. Mitcheil

R.C.M.P.

Strasbourgh has literally kept the law since the inception of the town. At least as early 1905 pioneers can recall a young chap by the name of Paddy White, riding horseback across the prairie. He wore the uniform of the R.C.M.P. He had to depend upon the settlers' homes to furnish a meal for himself and his horse. He was a welcome guest. The first storey of the hall contained two cells. The living quarters for the police have been on the ground floor of this hall from time to time. Strasbourgh has watched several members of the R.C.M.P. earn their promotions. Const. Jerry Carro, who was stationed here for many years, is now second in command of the criminologist Dept. at Ottawa. This detachment is in charge of Const. McCombe at present. The R.C.M.P. here is under the jurisdiction of Inspector Tom Horn. Insp. Horn was born at Maniston, the son of a pioneer family.

Mr L A Sellers practised law here for nearly forty years. Mr Calhoun served as lawyer 15 years before he sold his practice to Mr A A Peters. Mr Thomas Neelandt was in partnership with Mr Calhoun for a few years. We recall such J. P.'s as Mr H B Devine, Mr E Edwards, Mr John Lutz, Mr W J Werten. Mr W D McKay has acted in this legal capacity for thirty-four years.

STRASBOURG AND COMMUNITY BOOSTER CLUB

As this name implies this club was organized in March, 1954, to here by boost Strasbourg and the surrounding area. A prime purpose was to promote sports and recreational activities in the community. The organizational meeting was called by the council of the Town of Strasbourg. Since being organized the Club has been instrumental in getting the sports park founded, into shape and promoted the 1954 and 1955 Sports Days and also a very good ice show and fall carnival in the park. A start has been made particularly with the youngsters in an effort to bring sports back to Strasbourg. The latest undertaking is the Jubilee Celebration Nov. 16, 1955. Present officers are: Ken McKay, President; I R Currie, Sec. Treas.; W H Deby, J V Schwandt, Fred R Ehardt, K E Campbell, F J A Biebler, Jim Schwandt, Ray Specken, Bill Heinatz, Jim Miller, Bob Kerr, J F Hubick Jr, Alan Cratwell, Ted Hubick, Hal Schwandt, Drew Christ, Walter Schwandt, Jake Scherrie, Harry Gustafson, Earl Cochrane, Reg Bracken, Cecil Jenkins, Bill Stolt, Art Smith, Geo Kerr, Sytan Currie.

Pioneers invited to the Jubilee Celebration held on Nov. 16th, 1955:

Mr and Mrs Charles Ashby, Mr and Mrs Arthur Atkinson, Mr and Mrs Duncan Ashton, Mr G H Bell, Mr Herman Bennefeld, Mr and Mrs Walter Bishop, Mrs Annie Bowler, Mr and Mrs W H Brown, Mr and Mrs Len Bennett, Mrs Maibe Braden, Mr and Mrs D G Bristow, Mr and Mrs Roy Currie, Mr and Mrs Godfrey Christoph, Mrs Emma Doege, Mr and Mrs A E Dolson, Mr and Mrs E O Dolson, Mr E H Dolson, Mr Perry Dolson, Mrs Hannah Forsman, Mrs G Geo French, Mr Lewis French, Mr and Mrs Richard Mansheid, Mr and Mrs Wm Mansheid, Mr and Mrs Gus Gustafson, Mr and Mrs W Graves, Mrs James Guendinning, Mr John Heck, Mrs J A Howse, Mrs G James, Mr and Mrs Edgar Heck, M Eric Jonson, Hon Tom Jonson, Mr and Mrs Wm Kendall, Mr W A Kristen, Mr Otto Klatt, Mr and Mrs Karl Klatt, Mrs Emma Ludwig, Mr and Mrs Paul Ludwig, Mr and Mrs M P Lennon, Mrs Adalemyer, Mr and Mrs Geo Moeller, Miss E M Maren, Mr Darin Murphy, Mr Walter C. Murro, Mrs David MacPhear, Mr Angus McKay, Mrs Anne Cameron, Mr and Mrs Joe Neudeck, Mrs Mary Oehler, Mrs Anna Olson, Mr Wm Peterson, Mrs Dave Mule, Mr and Mrs Car Retzer, Mr Max Rendel, Mrs David Ross, Mrs S E Smith, Mr and Mrs Wm Swan, Mr and Mrs James Sma, Mr Albert Saville, Mr and Mrs Wm Schwandt, Mr and Mrs Gus Schwandt, Mr and Mrs Em Schwandt, Mr and Mrs John Pieper, Mr and Mrs Geo Stallen, Mrs Hilda Simonson, Mr and Mrs W E Turner, Mr and Mrs S Thompson, Mr and Mrs Charles Taylor, Mr and Mrs Tom Weddel, Mrs Emma Wight, Mr and Mrs D A Weddel, Mr and Mrs Wm Weddell, Mrs Mary Yung, Mrs George Yung, Mrs Albert Falcon, Mr and Mrs Frank Stallen, Mr and Mrs Ed Fenwick, Mr and Mrs Karl Moeller, Mr Adolph Klatt, Mr Albert Katt, Mr Adolph Schmidt, Mr Gordon Cochrane, Mr Henry Cochrane, Mr and Mrs R M Douglas.

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